



MMA220B

Mini Digital Amplifier, with EQ/Mixer

Index:

1.	General Instruction	2
2.	Product Picture	2
3.	Features	3
4.	Specification	4
	Audio Connection	
6.	Buttons Controlling	8
7.	RS232 Communication Protocol:	10
8.	System Diagram	12
9.	Panel Drawing	13



1. General Instruction

MMA220B is a small digital amplifier (Class-D), with EQ control and MIC mixer function. It is compact-size but powerful functions, including the bridge connection, dual-mono, EQ control, microphone mixer etc.

It has a good application in different places, including classroom, small meeting room, lecture hall, bar, pub etc.

2. Product Picture



Front Panel



Rear Panel



Top Panel



3. Features

- 2x20Watt@4Ohm as the default amplifier output.
- Bridge connection function. The user can switch the MMA220B to be 1x40Watt@80hm by bridge connection.
- Dual-mono function. The user can sum up the stereo audio to two times mono audio.
- Microphone mixer function. The microphone will be mixed to the line audio output, and separately controllable.
- MIC input supports 48V phantom power, condenser microphone available.
- MIC port with balance switching, can support balance/unbalance signal, suppress the external noise effectively.
- Auto noise gate. It keeps detecting the audio and MIC input, and muting the output when there is no input coming.
- Ultra low inrush current, no need for power sequencing. This allows multiple MMA220B to be powered on simultaneously without overloading power circuits.
- Convection cooled, fan is not needed.
- Two stereo audio inputs, switchable by button, remote or RS232.
- Fast switching speed. It is the high speed for the good performance.
- Volume/Bass/Treble controllable by buttons or RS232
- Line audio output, with volume controllable.
- Antistatic case design: providing good protection for long-term and stable performance
- LED indicator, for power and working status.



4. Specification

Audio Input		Audio Output			
Input	2 stereo audio,	Output	1 amplifier,		
Input	1 MIC		1 stereo audio		
	2 RCA	Output Connector	1 contine corow connector		
Input Connector	1 3.5mm jack		1 captive screw connector		
	1 captive screw connector,		1 3.5mm jack		
Input Impedance	>10ΚΩ	Output Impedance	50Ω/stereo, 4~8Ω/Amplifier		
Audio General					
Frequency	20Hz ~ 20KHz	CMRR	>70dB@20Hz~20KHz		
Response	2002 ~ 20002	CIVIRR	>1000@2002~20K02		
SNR	80dB at maximum output	Bandwidth	20Hz ~ 25KHz		
Stereo Channel	>75dB@20Hz to 20KHz THD	THD + Noise	1%@1KHz, 0.3%@20KHz at		
Separation		THD + Noise	nominal level		
Voltage Gain	32dB	Power Output	2x20 Watts (4 Ohms)		
Control Parts					
Serial Control Port	RS-232, 9-pin female D	Pin Configurations $2 = TX, 3 = R$	2 = TX, 3 = RX, 5 = GND		
Genal Control FOIt	connector		2 - 17, 3 = 10, 5 = 000		

NOTE: All nominal levels are at ±10%.

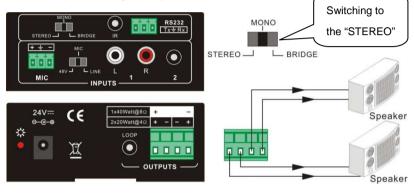


5. Audio Connection

5.1 Audio Output

5.1.1 Default output: 2x20Watt@4Ohm

The default output of amplifier is 2x20Watt@4Ohm. So, the user can connect the amplifier output in the regular way. As the picture below:

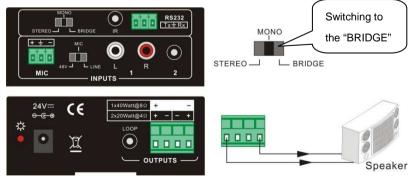


Connecting the four pins, like this

5.1.2 Bridge connection: 1x40Watt@8Ohm

The MMA220B has the bridge connection, to double the output power at 1x40Watt@8Ohm. It will sum up the input left channel and input right channel to be mono output, and the power is up to 40Watt.

The bridge connection is:



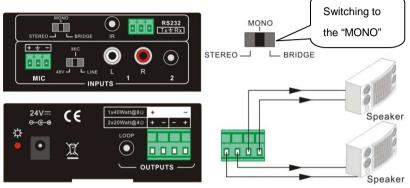
Connecting the two pins, like this



5.1.3 Dual-mono output:

The MMA220B also has the function of double-mono output. It can sum up the left and right channel, to be the mono audio output. In this way, the both of the outputs are showing the same mono audio.

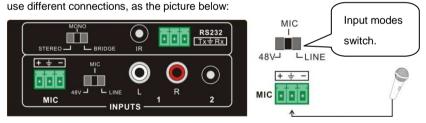
The connection is:



Connecting the four pins, like this

5.1 Microphone input

The microphone input of MMA220B has three different modes, and different modes



5.2.1 48V phantom power input

When the switch turns to "48V", the microphone input will provide a 48V phantom power. This is usually used for power supply for condenser microphone.

The connection is: "+" connects to anode, "-" connects to cathode and "≟" to ground.

NOTICE: In this mode, only condenser microphone can be connected with.



5.2.2 MIC input

When the switch turns to "MIC", the microphone input is used for connecting with dynamic microphone. There are two different connections:

- 1) Unbalanced connection:
 - a) "-" connects to signal, "+" and "≟" connect to ground.
 - b) "+" connects to signal, "-" and "⊥" connect to ground.
- Balanced connection: "+" connects to anode, "-" connects to cathode and "[⊥]" connects to ground.

5.2.3 LINE input

When the switch turns to "LINE", the microphone input is used for connecting with normal audio or wireless microphone output. There are two different connections:

- 1) Unbalanced connection:
 - a) "-" connects to signal, "+" and "" connect to ground.
 - b) "+" connects to signal, "-" and "" connect to ground.
- Balanced connection: "+" connects to anode, "-" connects to cathode and "" connects to ground.



6. Buttons Controlling

The buttons provides the control of volume/EQ control and switching.

6.1 Audio switching

There are two switchable stereo audio inputs, one 2xRCA input, and one 3.5mm jack input, switchable through the buttons as below:



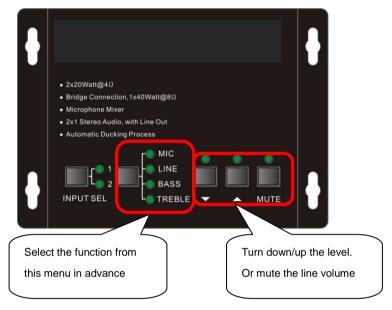


6.2 Volume/EQ controlling

The line volume and Microphone volume can be controlled by the buttons.

The MIC Volume/LINE volume/LINE bass/LINE treble will be selected by the buttons,

and controlled up/down/mute by the function buttons. Please check the picture below:



For example, to turn up the line volume, you should select the "LINE" first, and then press the button ".



7. RS232 Communication Protocol:

Data bit: 8

Stop bit: 1

Parity bit: none

Command	Function Description	Feedback Code
1A1.	Switching the audio to input 1	A: 1 -> 1
2A1.	Switching the audio to input 2	A: 2 -> 1
0A0.	Mute Audio of MIC and Line out	Mute Audio
1A0.	Mute audio of MIC	Mute MIC
2A0.	Mute audio of line out	Mute LIN
0A1.	UnMute Audio	UnMute Audio
	Checking the working status	A: 1 -> 1
600%		Volume: 30
600%		Bass: 00
		Treble: 00
601%	MIC volume up	Volume of MIC: 51
602%	MIC volume down	Volume of MIC: 51
603%	Line volume up	Volume of LINE: 51
604%	Line volume down	Volume of LINE: 51
605%	Bass level up	Bass of LINE: 04
606%	Bass level down	Bass of LINE: 04
607%	Treble level up	Treble of LINE: 04
608%	Treble level down	Treble of LINE: 04
	Initialization, back to the default setting	A: 1 -> 1
0000/		Volume: 50
609%		Bass: 04
		Treble: 04



Command	Function Description	Feedback Code
5[x][x]%	Preset MIC volume, [xx] arranges from [00] to	Volume of MIC: 50
	[60].	
	61 degrees in total.	
7[x][x]%	Preset line volume, [xx] arranges from [00] to	Volume of LINE: 50
	[60].	
	61 degrees in total.	
8[x][x]%	Preset the bass level, [xx] arranges from [00]	Bass of LINE: 04
	to [08].	
	9 degrees in total.	
9[x][x]%	Preset the treble level, [xx] arranges from [00]	Treble of LINE: 04
	to [08].	
	9 degrees in total.	

Notice:

- 1: The letter inside bracket [] is the variable code, which is the changeable.
- 2: The bracket [] is not included to the RS232 commands.
- 3: Any dot "." after the letters is part of the commands.

Example 1

Switching the input 2 to the line out. We should send the RS232 command: [2A1.]

Example 2

Turning up the volume of line audio. We should send the RS232 command: [603%]

Example 3

Preset the MIC volume to be "21" degree. We should send the RS232 command:

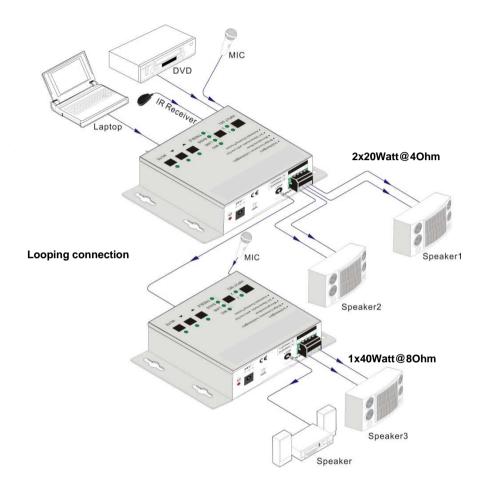
[521%]

Example 4

Checking the working status of MMA220B. We should send the RS232 command: [600%]



8. System Diagram





9. Panel Drawing

Unit: mm

